## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

## 0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/42

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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## Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
den	dependent

depdependentFTfollow through after error

isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent

SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Q	uestion	Answer	Mark	Part marks
1	(a) (i)	$\frac{512}{7+11+14} \times 14$	M2	or <b>M1</b> for $\frac{512}{7+11+14}$
	(ii)	112	1	
	(b)	10100	2	<b>M1</b> for 224 × 45 soi by 10080
	(c)	19	2	<b>M1</b> for 224 ÷ 12 soi by 18.66 to 18.67 or 18.7 or $18\frac{2}{3}$
	(d) (i)	4093000	1	
	(ii)	$4.093 \times 10^{6}$	1FT	FT their (d)(i)
	(e)	198 or 198.1 to 198.2	3	M2 for $\frac{8.2 - 2.75}{2.75} \times 100$ oe or M1 for $\frac{8.2}{2.75} \times 100$ or $\frac{8.2 - 2.75}{2.75}$
2	(a)	0 4 0.625 0.875	1,1,1,1	
	(b)	Fully correct smooth curve	4	<b>B3 FT</b> for 8 or 9 points or <b>B2 FT</b> for 6 or 7 points or <b>B1 FT</b> for 4 or 5 points
	(c)	line $y = x + 1$ ruled and 0.2 to 0.3 and 1.8 to 1.95	3	Line must be fit for purpose ie at least from $x = 0$ to $x = 2$ <b>B2</b> for correct line and 1 correct value or <b>B1</b> for correct line or <b>SC1</b> for no/wrong line and 2 correct values

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	(d)	Tangent ruled at $x = -1.5$	B1	No daylight between tangent and curve at point of contact. Consider point of contact as midpoint between two vertices of daylight, the midpoint must be between $x = -1.6$ and $x = -1.4$	
		2.2 to 5	2	dep on B1 M1 for $\frac{rise}{run}$ also dep on any tangent drawn or close attempt at tangent at any point Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent	
3	(a)	Correct diagram	3	<ul> <li>B1 for correct vertical plots and</li> <li>B1 for correct horizontal plots and</li> <li>B1 dep on at least B1 for reasonable <u>increasing</u> curve or polygon through <i>their</i> 6 points</li> <li>If zero scored, SC1 for 5 out of 6 correct plots</li> </ul>	
	(b) (i)	32 to 34	1		
	(ii)	120 - reading at r = 50	2FT	<b>B1FT</b> for reading at $r = 50$ seen	
	(c)	8 18 27	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 correct	
	(d)	35.2 or $35\frac{1}{6}$ or 35.16 to 35.17 nfww	4	M1 for mid-values soi M1 FT for $\sum fx$ with x in the correct interval including boundaries M1dep for $\sum fx \div 120$ dependent on second M1 earned	
	(e)	1.6 1.35 0.3	4FT	<ul> <li>FT from (c) <i>their</i> 8 ÷ 5 and <i>their</i> 27 ÷ 20</li> <li>B3FT for any 2 correct or B2FT for first or second answer correct or B1 for 0.3 only</li> </ul>	
4	(a)	1.6[0] or 1.601 to 1.602	3	M2 for $\frac{0.6}{\cos 68}$ oe or M1 for $\cos 68 = \frac{0.6}{AC}$	
	(b)	43.5 or 43.6 or 43.49 to 43.56	4	AC M2 for $\frac{1.9^2 + 2.3^2 - their 1.6^2}{2 \times 1.9 \times 2.3}$ or M1 for implicit statement A1 for [cos = ] 0.724 to 0.726	

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(c)	(c) 1.33 or 1.332nfww			M2 for $\sqrt{2.3^2 - (\frac{1}{2} \times 1.2)^2}$ or M1 for $2.3^2 = h^2 + (0.5)^2$ and M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 1.2 \times then$ come from attempt at Pyt triangle <i>BCD</i> )	ir2.22 (their	
(d)	)	41.1 or 41.13 to 41.14	3	M2 for $\sin = \frac{1.25}{1.9}$ oe or M1 for correct angle ic	lentified	
5 (a)	(i)	$4x(3x+13)-2x(4x-\{3x-9\})=24$ oe	M1			
		$12x^2 + 52x - 2x^2 - 18x$	M1	Correct removal of all <i>their</i> brackets Dep on two <b>areas</b> added or subtracted		
		$5x^2 + 17x - 12 = 0$	A1	with no errors or omissions seen and at least or more line of working showing collection of lik terms or division by 2		
	(ii)	(5x-3)(x+4) = 0 $\frac{3}{5}$ or $x - 4$	M2	<b>12</b> M1 for $(5x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab = -12$ or 5b + a = 17 [a, b integers]		
		$\frac{3}{5}$ oe, -4	A1	If zero scored <b>SC1</b> for co- working or from other me		with no
(b)	)	For correctly eliminating one variable	M1			
		$\begin{array}{l} x = 3\\ y = -7 \end{array}$	A1 A1	SC1 if no working shown given If zero scored SC1 for 2 w the original equations		
(c)		t = -2 nfww	5	M1 for $2(t+3)(t+3)-t^2$ M1 for denominator[s] $t$ t(t+3) isw on RHS M1dep for $2t^2 + 12t + 18$ dependent on both numer expanding to give quadra A1 for $9t+18=0$ oe	(t+3) isw or $-t^2 = t^2 + 3t$ vators and den	for oe

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6	(a) (i)	43	1	
	(ii)	62	1	
		Isosceles triangle or <i>OYZ</i> is isosceles	1	
		Angle at centre is twice angle at circumference	1	
	(iii)	30 [Opposite angles of a]cyclic quadrilateral [add up to 180°]	2 1	<b>M1</b> for $p + 5p = 180$ oe
	(b) (i)	1 : 2 oe	1	
	(ii)	$\begin{array}{l} OQ\\ MQ = NQ \end{array}$	1 1	
		OM = ON	1	
		Centre or O	1	Not origin
7	(a) (i)	Rotation	1	
		[+]90 or 90 anticlockwise oe	1	
		(0,2)	1	Not as column vector
	(ii)	Reflection $y = 1$ oe	1 1	
	(iii)	Enlargement [s f] $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe Origin oe	1 1 1	
	(b)	$ \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} $ oe	2FT	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> s f from (a)(iii) SC1 for $\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix}$ , $k \neq 1$ or 0
	(c)	Image at (4, 1) (6, 1) (6, 5) (4, 3)	2	ruled or good freehand SC1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ k \end{pmatrix}$
				or $\binom{k}{-3}$ or for 4 correct vertices not joined
	(d)	Reflection $y = x$ oe	1 1	

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8	(a)		(4,6)	1, 1				
	<b>(b)</b>		4.47 or 4.472	3	• • • • • •	M2 for $\sqrt{(8-4)^2 + (5-3)^2}$ or better or M1 for $(8-4)^2 + (5-3)^2$ or better		
	(c)		y = 2x - 2 oe	3	<b>B2</b> for $2x - 2$ or $y = 2x + c$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $[m =] \frac{8-4}{5-3}$ oe soi by $2x$ <b>and M1</b> for (3, 4) or (5, 8) or <i>their</i> midpoint substituted into <i>their</i> $y = mx + c$ with <i>m</i> numerical			
	(d)		- 3	3	M1 for use of gradient × <i>their</i> $m = -1$ soi by $-\frac{1}{2}$ M1 for $r = their$ gradient × 6 [+0]			
9	(a)	(i)	11	1				
		(ii)	256	2	<b>M1</b> for $[g(3) = ]$ 8 or $2^3$ or $2^{2^x}$			
	(b)		$\frac{x-5}{2}$ of final answer	2	M1 for $x = 2y + 5$ or $2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x + \frac{5}{2}$	x = y - 5 or be	etter	
	(c)		19-6x final answer	2	<b>M1</b> for $2(7-3x)+5$			
	(d)		- 1, 0, 1, 2	3	Additional values count as errors B2 for one error /omission or B1 for two errors/omissions			
					or M2 for $-2 < x \le 200$ s or M1 for $-2 < x$ or $x$ or $x = -2$ and $x = 2$ or	$x \leqslant 2$	4	
10	(a)		8 25 17	2	B1 for 2 correct			
	(b)		n+2 oe	1				
	(c)	(i)	$(n-1)^2$ oe	2	<b>M1</b> for $(n + k)^2$ for integer	er k		
		(ii)	92	2	<b>M1</b> for $\sqrt{8281}$ or 91 see	n		
	(d)	(i)	$n^2 - 3n - 1$ final answer	2	<b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> $(n-1)^2 - t$	<i>heir</i> $(n+2)$ so	oi	
		(ii)	39	1				

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(e)	1 and $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe $\frac{1}{4}$ oe $-\frac{1}{8}$ oe	1 1 1		